

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname \_\_\_\_\_

Forename(s) Worked Solutions

Candidate signature \_\_\_\_\_

# GCSE MATHEMATICS

# H

Higher Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Tuesday 11 June 2019

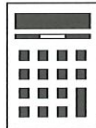
Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.



### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

For Examiner's Use	
Pages	Mark
2-3	
4-5	
6-7	
8-9	
10-11	
12-13	
14-15	
16-17	
18-19	
20-21	
22-23	
24-25	
26-27	
<b>TOTAL</b>	

### Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



JUN1983003H01

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

- 1 Work out £1.50 as a fraction of 60p  
Circle your answer.

$$\frac{150}{60} = \frac{5}{2}$$

[1 mark]

$\frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{4}{1}$

$$\frac{5}{2}$$

- 2 For a biased dice,  $P(6) = \frac{3}{5}$   
Circle the probability of two sixes when the dice is rolled twice.

[1 mark]

$\frac{6}{25}$

$\frac{6}{10}$

$$\frac{9}{25}$$

$\frac{9}{5}$

$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3}{5}$$

- 3 Circle the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 5, 15 and 25

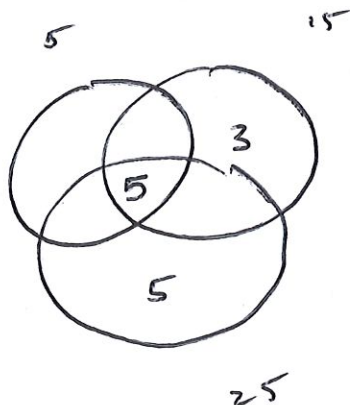
[1 mark]

5

45

$$75$$

150



$$5 \times 5 \times 3 = 75$$



- 4 Circle the **two** roots of  $(x - 5)(x + 3) = 0$

[1 mark]

-5

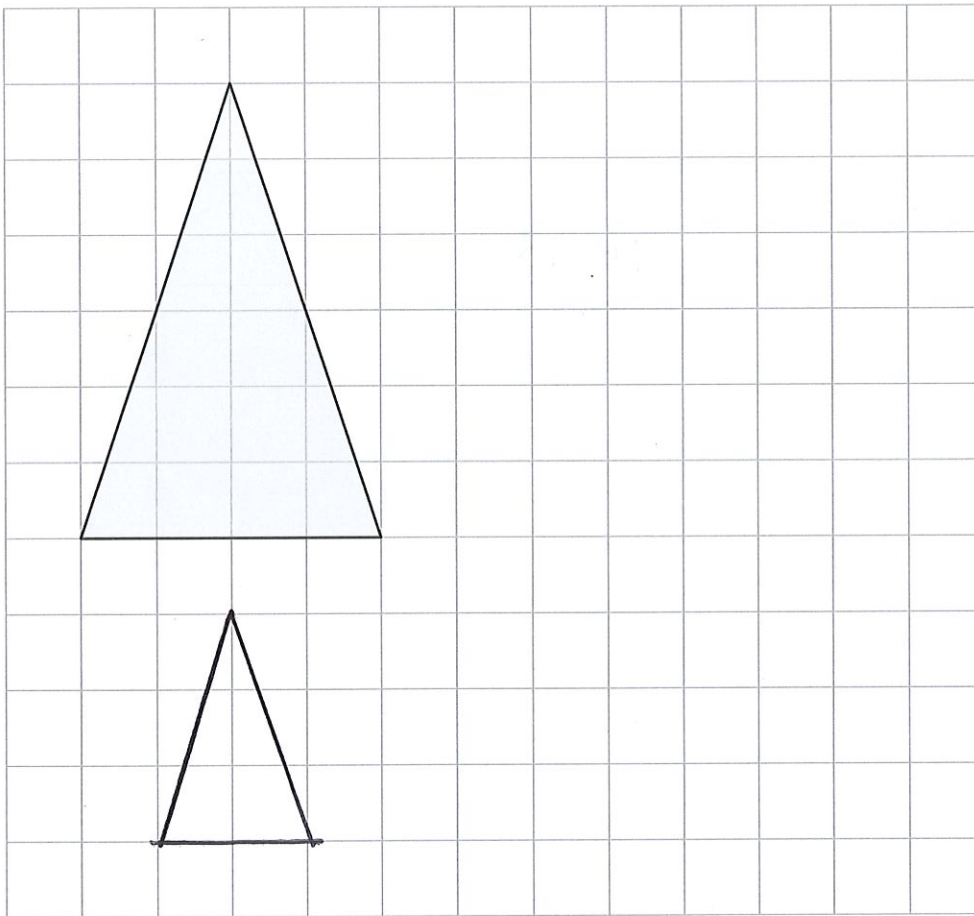
-3

3

5

- 5 On the grid, draw an enlargement of the triangle with scale factor  $\frac{1}{2}$

[2 marks]



6

To the nearest pound, Jon has £9

To the nearest 50p, Ellie has £6.50

Work out the maximum possible total amount of money.

[3 marks]

$$8.5 \leq 9 \text{ Sam} < 9.5$$

$$6.25 \leq 6.5 \text{ Ellie} < 6.75$$

$$\text{maximum} \quad 9.5 + 6.75 = \pounds 16.25$$

Answer £ 16.25



7 Two solids, J and K, have the same density.

Complete the table.

Include units in your answers.

[3 marks]

	J	K
Mass	48 g	78 g
Volume	8 cm <sup>3</sup>	$V = \frac{m}{D} = \frac{78}{6} = 13 \text{ cm}^3$
Density	$\frac{m}{V} = \frac{48}{8} = 6$	6

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8 Rearrange  $y = 3x - 2$  to make  $x$  the subject.

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$$x = \frac{y}{3} - 2$$

$$x = \frac{y+2}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{y-2}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{y}{3} + 2$$



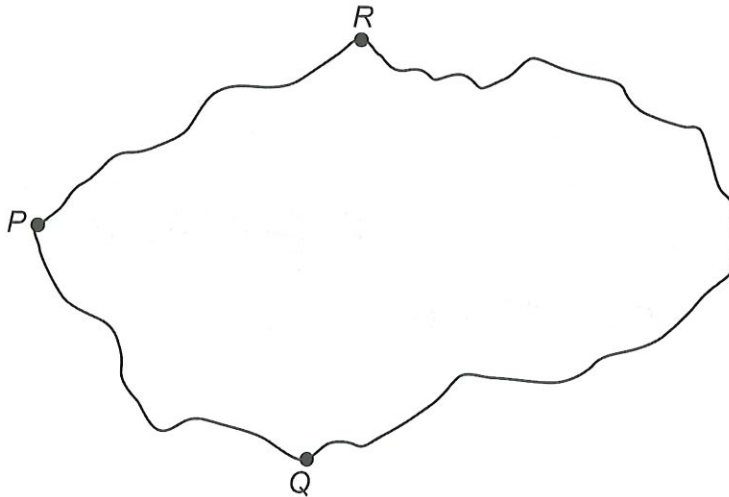
9

Towns  $P$ ,  $Q$  and  $R$  are connected by roads  $PQ$ ,  $PR$  and  $QR$ .

$PR$  is 10 km longer than  $PQ$ .

$QR$  is twice as long as  $PR$ .

The total length of the three roads is 170 km



Not drawn  
accurately

Work out the length of  $PQ$ .

[4 marks]

$$\text{let } PQ = x$$

$$PR = x + 10$$

$$QR = 2(x + 10)$$

$$170 = x + x + 10 + 2(x + 10)$$

$$170 = x + x + 10 + 2x + 20$$

$$170 = 4x + 30$$

$$140 = 4x$$

$$\underline{\underline{35 = x}}$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_ km



10

Mia wants to borrow £6000 and repay it, with interest, after two years.  
She sees two offers for loans.

**Offer 1**  
Compound interest  
3% per year

**Offer 2**  
Compound interest  
First year 1%  
Second year 5%

Mia says,

"I will pay back the same amount because the average of 1% and 5% is 3%"

Is she correct?

You **must** show your working.

[3 marks]

$$6000 \times (1.03)^2 = \pounds 6365.40$$

$$6000 \times 1.01 \times 1.05 = \pounds 6363$$

No

Turn over for the next question



11 Here are two sets of numbers, A and B.

Set A

200	160
104	100

Set B

270	400	483
300	$x$	

mean of Set A : mean of Set B = 3 : 8

Work out the value of  $x$ .

[4 marks]

$$\text{mean of A} \quad 141$$

$$141 \div 3 \times 8 = 376$$

$$\text{Mean of B } 376, \text{ total of B } 1880$$

$$\text{so } x = 427$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_





12

A straight line

has gradient 4

and

passes through the point (5, 23)

Work out the equation of the line.

Give your answer in the form  $y = mx + c$ 

[3 marks]

$$y = mx + c$$

$$23 = 4 \times 5 + c \Rightarrow c = 3$$

$$y = 4x + 3$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

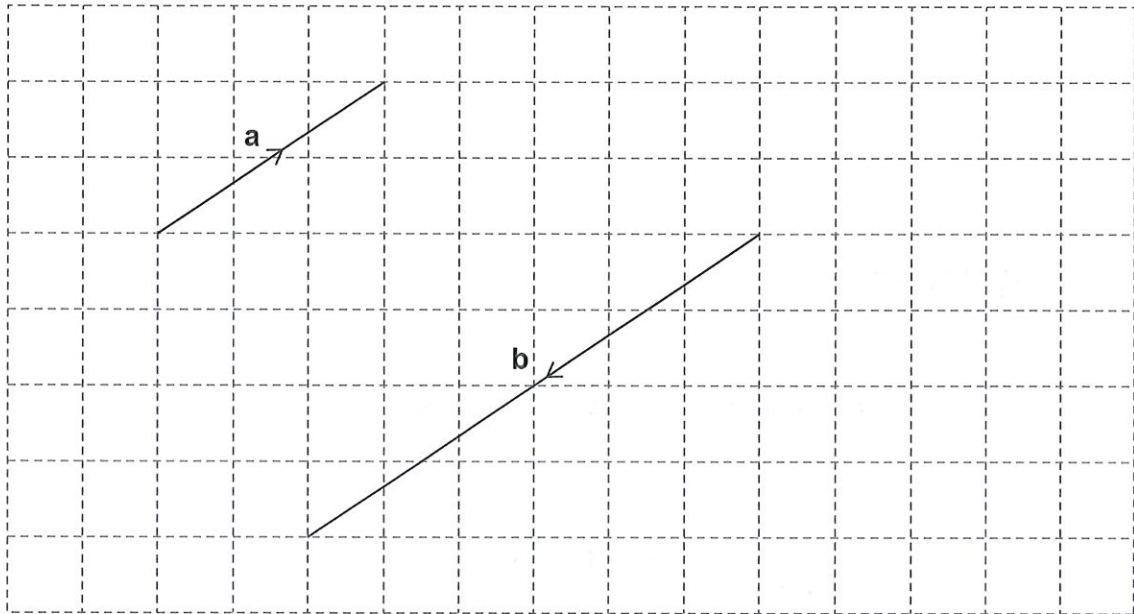
Turn over for the next question





13 (a) Vectors **a** and **b** are drawn on a grid.

Do not write  
outside the  
box



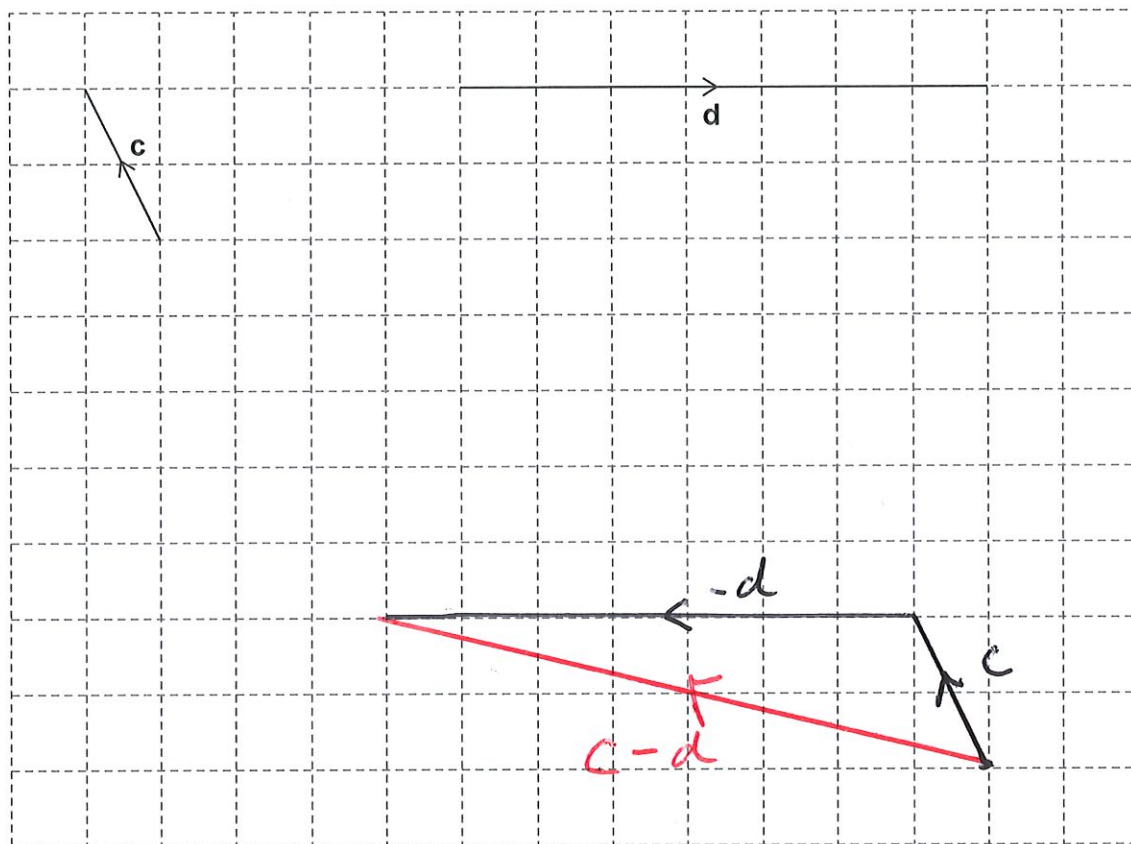
Write **b** in terms of **a**.

[1 mark]

$$b = \underline{-2a}$$



13 (b) Vectors  $\mathbf{c}$  and  $\mathbf{d}$  are drawn on a grid.



On the grid above, draw a vector representing  $\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{d}$

[2 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



- 14 For Class X, number of boys : number of girls = 7 : 8  
For Class Y, number of boys : number of girls = 3 : 4

Which statement **must** be true?

Tick **one** box.

[1 mark]

Class X has more boys than class Y

Class X has twice as many girls as class Y

Class X has a greater proportion of boys than class Y

Class X has the same proportion of boys as class Y

- 15 Simplify fully  $\frac{a^3b^2}{cd} \times \frac{c}{ab^5}$

[3 marks]

$$\frac{a^2}{db^3}$$


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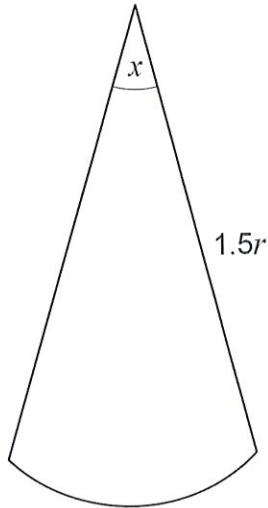
Answer \_\_\_\_\_



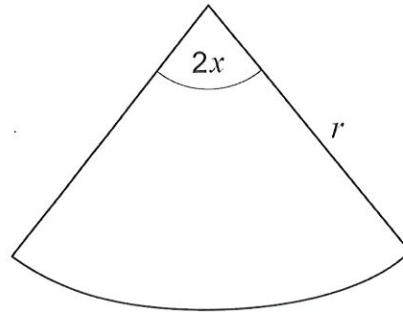
16

Here are two sectors from different circles.

Sector A



Sector B

Not drawn  
accurately

Which sector has the bigger area?

Tick a box.



Sector A



Sector B

Show working to support your answer.

[2 marks]

$$\text{Sector Area (A)} = \frac{\pi \times (1.5r)^2 \times x}{360} = \frac{\pi r^2 x}{160}$$

$$\text{Sector Area (B)} = \frac{\pi \times r^2 \times 2x}{360} = \frac{\pi r^2 x}{180}$$

Turn over ►



17

A factory makes kettles.

Four samples of kettles are tested for faults.

Each sample has size 200

Here are the relative frequencies of faulty kettles in the samples.

Sample	P	Q	R	S
Relative frequency	0.03	0.035	0.015	0.01

Work out the range of the number of faulty kettles in the four samples.

[3 marks]

$$200 \times 0.03 = 6$$

$$200 \times 0.035 = 7$$

$$200 \times 0.015 = 3$$

$$200 \times 0.01 = 2$$

$$7 - 2 = 5$$

Answer

5



- 18 (a) Write  $x(3x - 9) = 4$  in the form  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are integers.

[1 mark]

$$3x^2 - 9x - 4 = 0$$

Answer  $a = 3$   $b = -9$   $c = -4$

- 18 (b) Solve  $x(3x - 9) = 4$

Give your answers to 2 decimal places.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 + 4 \times 3 \times 4}}{2 \times 3}$$

$$= \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{129}}{6} \quad 3.392969444$$

$$\text{or } -0.3929694486$$

Answer  $3.39$  or  $-0.39$

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►





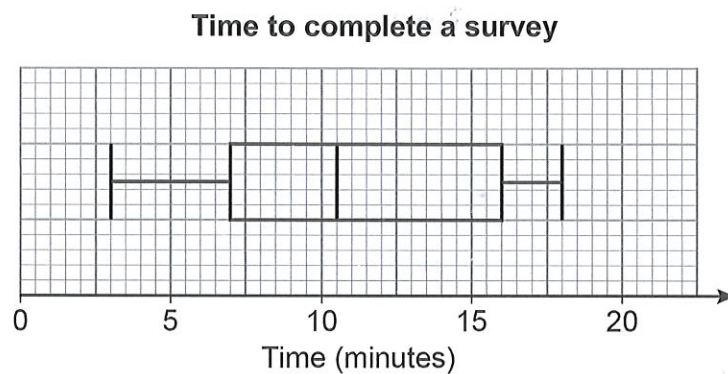
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19

Here is some information about the times people took to complete a survey.

Fastest time	3 minutes
Slowest time	18 minutes
Median	11 minutes
Lower quartile	7 minutes
Interquartile range	8 minutes

Ben draws this box plot to show the information.



Make **two** criticisms of his box plot.

[2 marks]

Criticism 1

*Median time in wrong place*

Criticism 2

*Upper quartile in the wrong place  
should be  $7 + 8 = 15$*





20  $d$  is directly proportional to the square of  $v$ .

$$d = 6 \text{ when } v = 20$$

20 (a) Work out an equation connecting  $d$  and  $v$ .

[3 marks]

$$d \propto v^2$$

$$d = kv^2$$

$$6 = k \times 20^2$$

$$k = \frac{6}{400} = \frac{3}{200}$$

Answer  $d = \frac{3}{200} v^2$

20 (b) Work out the value of  $d$  when  $v = 30$

[2 marks]

$$\frac{3}{200} \times 30^2 = \underline{\underline{13.5}}$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

Turn over for the next question



21

Hanif makes green paint by mixing blue paint and yellow paint in the ratio

$$\text{blue} : \text{yellow} = 7 : 3$$

He buys blue paint in 50-litre containers, each costing £225

He buys yellow paint in 20-litre containers, each costing £80

He wants to

sell the green paint in 5-litre tins

make 40% profit on each tin.

How much should he sell each tin for?

[5 marks]

$$\begin{array}{cc} B & Y \\ 7 & 3 \end{array} \quad \text{need}$$

Blue  $(\frac{7}{3}) = 2\frac{1}{3}$  times as much as yellow

So yellow  $\times 2\frac{1}{3}$  must be a multiple of 50

$$20 \times 3 \times 2\frac{1}{3} = 140$$

need multiple of 3, so when  $\times 2\frac{1}{3}$  whole number  
needs to be multiple of 50

$$140, 280, 420, 560, \underline{\underline{700}}$$

$$700 \div 2\frac{1}{3} = 300$$

$$\text{total } 700 + 300 = 1000 \text{ litres}$$

$$300 \div 20 = 15$$

$$15 \times 80 = 1200$$

$$700 \div 50 = 14$$

$$14 \times 225 = 3150$$

$$(1200 + 3150) \times 1.4 \times \frac{5}{1000} = \underline{\underline{\pounds 30.45}}$$

Answer £ \_\_\_\_\_

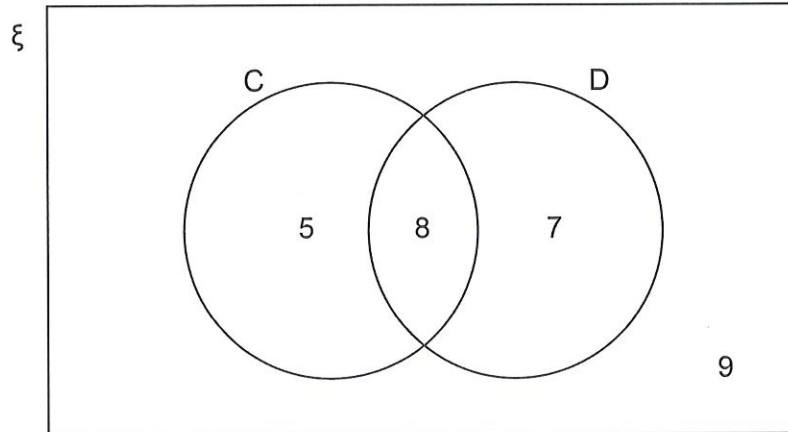


22

 $\xi = 29$  students in a class

C = students who own a cat

D = students who own a dog



22 (a) A student is chosen at random.

Circle the probability that the student owns a cat or a dog but not both.

[1 mark]

$$\frac{12}{29}$$

$$\frac{13}{29}$$

$$\frac{15}{29}$$

$$\frac{20}{29}$$

22 (b) A student who owns a dog is chosen at random.

Circle the probability that the student also owns a cat.

[1 mark]

$$\frac{7}{15}$$

$$\frac{8}{15}$$

$$\frac{7}{29}$$

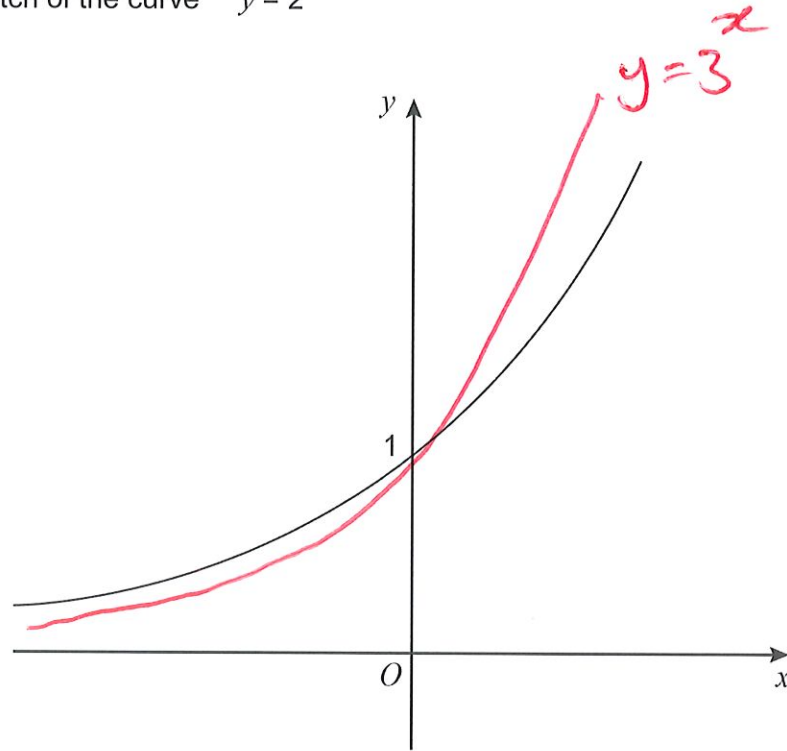
$$\frac{8}{29}$$

7

Turn over ►

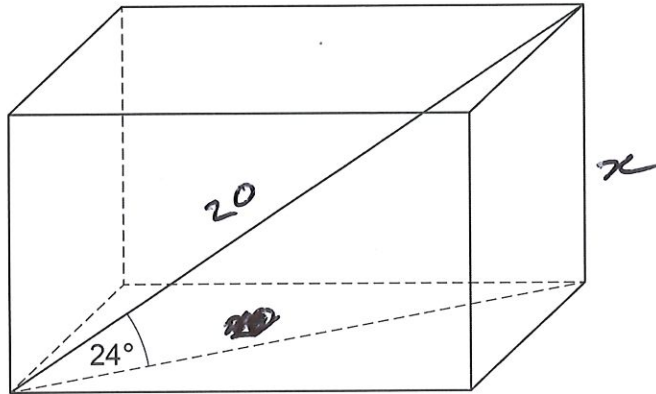


23

Here is a sketch of the curve  $y = 2^x$ On the axes above, sketch the curve  $y = 3^x$ **[2 marks]**

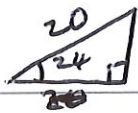
24

The length of a diagonal of a cuboid is 20 cm  
The diagonal makes an angle of  $24^\circ$  with the base.  
The area of the base is  $150 \text{ cm}^2$



Work out the volume of the cuboid.

[3 marks]



$$\tan \theta = \frac{op}{a} \quad \tan 24 = \frac{x}{20}$$

$$x = 20 \tan 24 = 8.904573706$$

$$\text{volume} = 150 \times 8.904573706 = 1335.686056$$

Answer 1335.7  $\text{cm}^3$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{op}{h}$$

$$\sin 24 = \frac{x}{20}$$

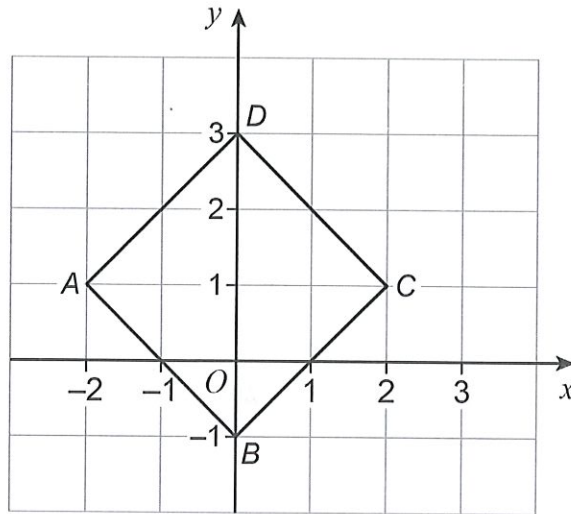
$$20 \sin 24 = x$$

$$\text{volume} = 150 \times 20 \sin 24 = 1220.209929$$

$$1220.2$$



25

 $ABCD$  is a square.A is  $(-2, 1)$  B is  $(0, -1)$  C is  $(2, 1)$  D is  $(0, 3)$ 25 (a) A **single** transformation of  $ABCD$  is such that

B is mapped to D

D is mapped to B

A and C are invariant points.

Describe fully the transformation.

[2 marks]

Reflection in the line  $y=1$



25 (b) A different **single** transformation of  $ABCD$  is such that

$B$  is mapped to  $D$

$D$  is mapped to  $B$

the only invariant point is  $(0, 1)$

Describe fully the transformation.

[3 marks]

Rotation of  $180^\circ$  about  $(0, 1)$

26  $g(x) = 16 - x$      $h(x) = x^3$

Solve  $gh(x) = 24$

[3 marks]

$$16 - x^3 = 24$$

$$-8 = x^3$$

$$x = -2$$

$$x = -2$$

Turn over for the next question



27

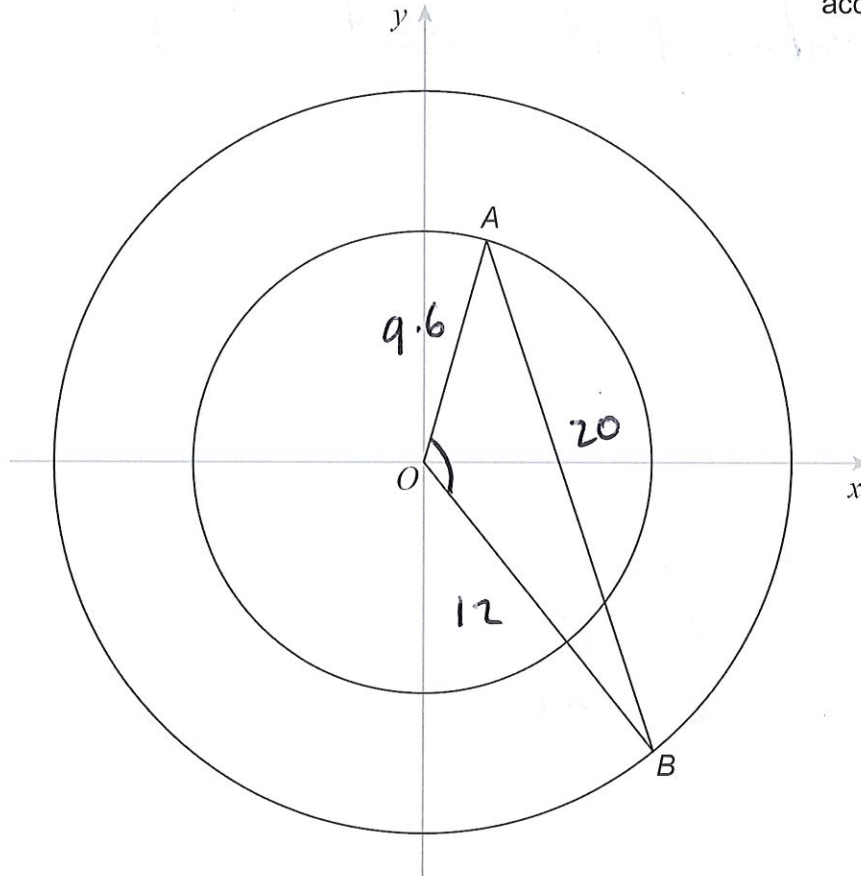
In this question, all lengths are in centimetres.

$A$  is a point on a circle, centre  $O$ .

$B$  is a point on a different circle, centre  $O$ .

$AB = 20$

Not drawn  
accurately



The equation of the larger circle is  $x^2 + y^2 = 144$

radius of smaller circle : radius of larger circle = 4 : 5





Work out the size of angle  $AOB$ .

[5 marks]

$$x^2 + y^2 = 12^2$$

Radius  $12 \times \frac{4}{5} = 9.6$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$$

$$20^2 = 12^2 + 9.6^2 - 2 \times 12 \times 9.6 \times \cos C$$

$$C = 135^\circ$$

Answer 135° degrees

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►

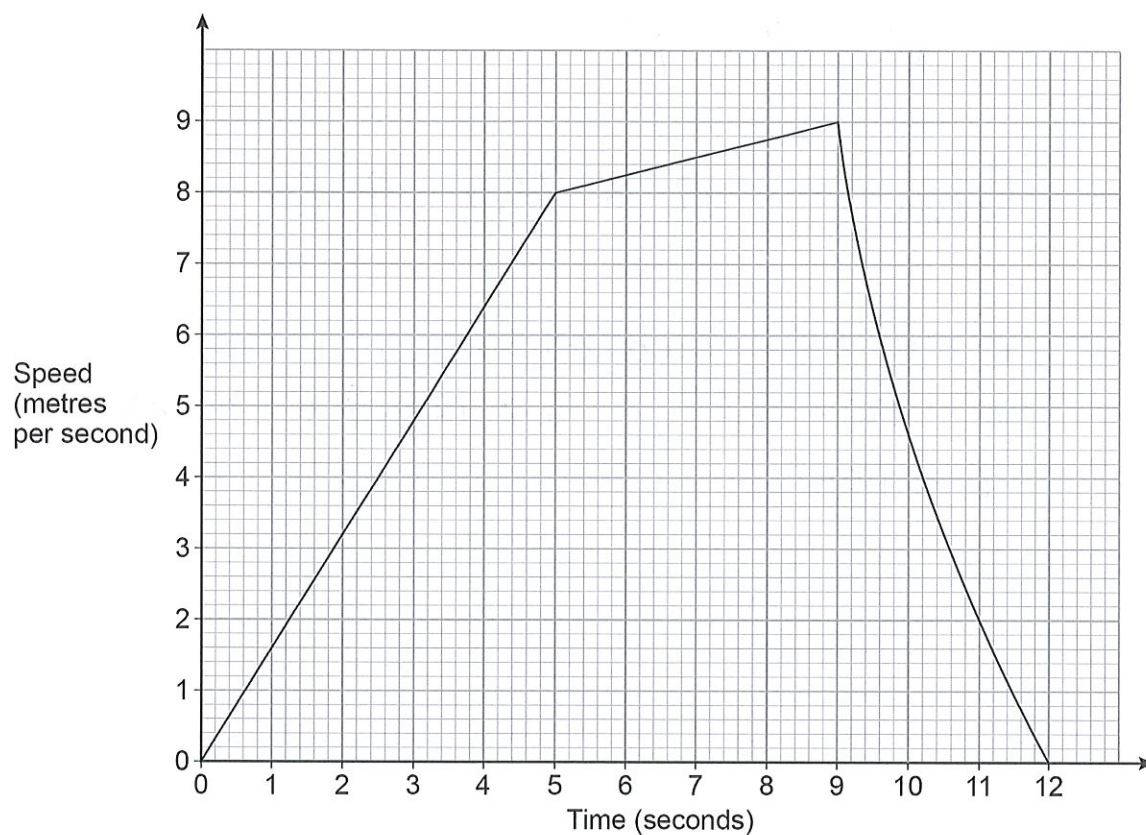




28

Leo runs for 12 seconds.  
The graph shows his speed.

Do not write  
outside the  
box



28 (a) Show that the distance he runs is less than 67.5 metres.

[4 marks]

$$0-5 \quad \text{Area} \quad 5 \times 8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 20$$

$$5-9 \quad \text{Area} \quad \frac{(8+9) \times 4}{2} = 34$$

$$9-12 \quad \text{Area} \quad \frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 9 = 13.5$$

$$20 + 34 + 13.5 = 67.5$$

∴ area less than 67.5



- 28 (b) Work out his average acceleration for the first 9 seconds.  
State the units of your answer.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{\text{change in velocity}}{\text{time}} = \frac{9}{9} = 1$$

Answer \_\_\_\_\_

END OF QUESTIONS





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2 8



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