

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

Worked Solutions

Forename(s)

Candidate signature

GCSE MATHEMATICS

H

Higher Tier

Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Tuesday 21 May 2019

Morning

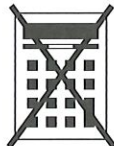
Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments

You must **not** use a calculator.



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

For Examiner's Use

Pages	Mark
2-3	
4-5	
6-7	
8-9	
10-11	
12-13	
14-15	
16-17	
18-19	
20-21	
22-23	
TOTAL	

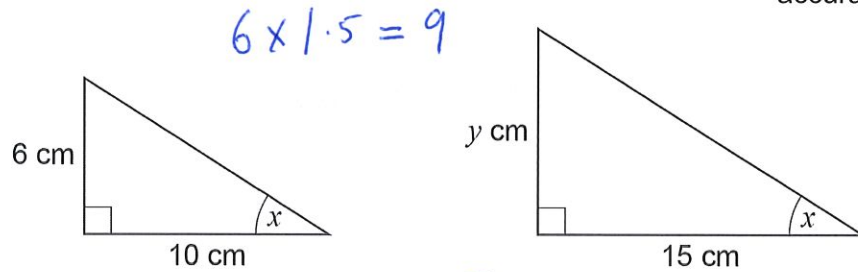
Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

- 1 Here are two right-angled triangles.

Not drawn
accuratelyCircle the value of y .

11

7.5

9

4

[1 mark]

- 2 Work out the value of $\left(1\frac{2}{3}\right)^2$

Circle your answer.

$$\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{25}{9} = 2\frac{7}{9}$$

 $1\frac{4}{9}$ $3\frac{1}{3}$ $2\frac{4}{9}$ $2\frac{7}{9}$

[1 mark]

- 3 Work out the arc length, in metres, of a semicircle of radius 6 metres.

Circle your answer.

 3π 6 π 12π 18π

$$\text{Circle} = \pi d$$

$$6 \times 2 \times \pi = 12\pi$$

$$\frac{12\pi}{2} = 6\pi$$

[1 mark]



- 4 Circle the fraction that is equivalent to 4.625

[1 mark]

$$\frac{39}{8}$$

$$\frac{37}{8}$$

$$\frac{185}{4}$$

$$\frac{17}{4}$$

$$0.625 \times 2 = 1.25$$

$$0.625 \times 8 = 5$$

$$1.25 \times 4 = 5$$

$$4 \times 8 = \del{32} 32$$

$$32 + 5 = 37$$

- 5 (a) Write 0.00097 in standard form.

[1 mark]

Answer 9.7×10^{-4}

- 5 (b) Work out $\frac{3 \times 10^5}{4 \times 10^3}$

Give your answer as an ordinary number.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{0.75 \times 10^2}{7.5 \times 10^1}$$

Answer 7.5×10^1



6 Anna plays a game with an ordinary, fair dice.

If she rolls 1 she wins.

If she rolls 2 or 3 she loses.

If she rolls 4, 5 or 6 she rolls again.

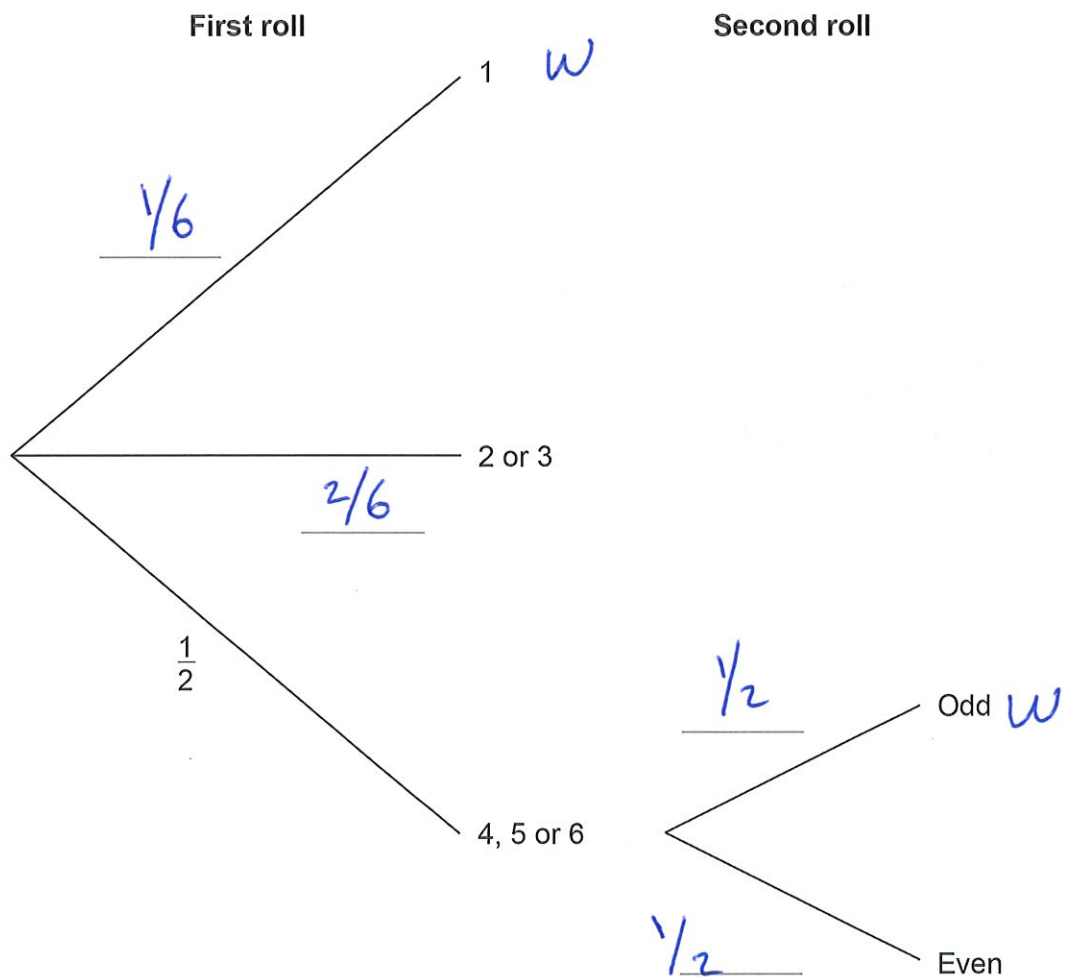
When she has to roll again,

if she rolls an odd number she wins

if she rolls an even number she loses.

6 (a) Complete the tree diagram with the four missing probabilities.

[2 marks]



6 (b) Is Anna more likely to win or to lose?

You **must** work out the probability that she wins.

[4 marks]

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{12} + \frac{3}{12}$$

$\frac{5}{12}$ as less than $\frac{1}{2}$, then

likely to lose.

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



- 7 Three friends arrive at a party.
Their arrival increases the number of people at the party by 20%
In total, how many people are now at the party?

[2 marks]

3	
15	20% of original
18	100%
<u>18</u>	120%

Answer _____

- 8 Work out the value of $(3^{12} \div 3^5) \div (3^2 \times 3)$

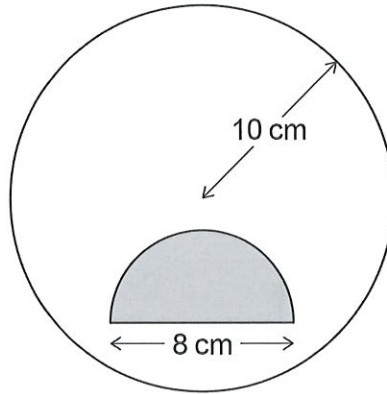
[3 marks]

$\frac{3^{12}}{3^5} = 3^7$	$\frac{3^2}{3} = 3$
$\frac{3^7}{3} = 3^6$	

Answer 3^6 _____

- 9 A shaded semicircle is inside a circle as shown.

Not drawn
accurately



The **radius** of the circle is 10 cm

The **diameter** of the semicircle is 8 cm

How many times bigger is the unshaded area than the shaded area?

[4 marks]

$$\text{Shaded} \quad \frac{\pi \times 4^2}{2} = 8\pi$$

$$\text{unshaded} \quad \pi \times 10^2 - 8\pi = 92\pi$$

$$\frac{92\pi}{8\pi} = 11\frac{1}{2}$$

Answer

$11\frac{1}{2}$

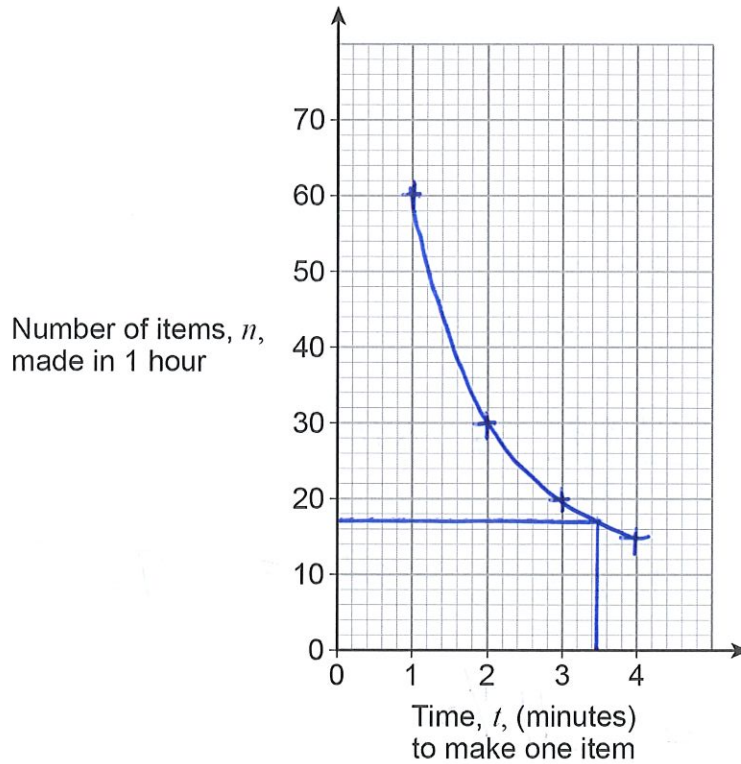
Turn over for the next question



- 10** The number of items, n , made in 1 hour by a machine is given by $n = \frac{60}{t}$
- t is the time in minutes the machine takes to make one item.
- The value of t changes for different types of item.

- 10 (a)** On the grid below, draw the graph of $n = \frac{60}{t}$ for values of t from 1 to 4

[2 marks]



- 10 (b)** The machine takes 3 minutes 30 seconds to make one item.
- Use your graph** to estimate the value of n .

[2 marks]

Answer

17



- 11 Ed and Fay shared £330 in the ratio 7 : 4
Ed gives Fay some of his money.
Fay now has the same amount as Ed.

How much does Ed give Fay?

[3 marks]

$$7 + 4 = 11 \quad 330 \div 11 = 30$$

$$7 : 4$$

$$210 : 120 \quad 210 - 120 = 90$$

$$90 \div 2 = 45$$

$$120 + 45 = 165$$

$$210 - 45 = 165 \text{ check.}$$

Answer £ 45

- 12 The next term of a sequence is made by adding the previous two terms.
Which of these sequences follows this rule?
Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

-9 2 -7 -5 -12

-3 5 -2 3 1

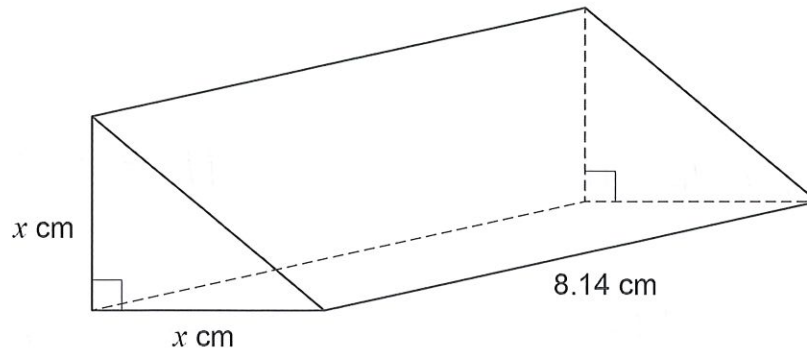
0 -3 -3 0 -3

-1 -1 -2 -3 1



13

The triangular cross section of a prism is an isosceles right-angled triangle.



The volume of the prism is 102 cm^3

Use approximations to estimate the value of x .

You **must** show your working.

[3 marks]

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} = \frac{1}{2} x^2$$

$$\text{Volume} = \text{area} \times \text{depth}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \times 8.14 = 102$$

$$\frac{102}{8} \approx 12.5$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \approx 12.5$$

$$x^2 \approx 25$$

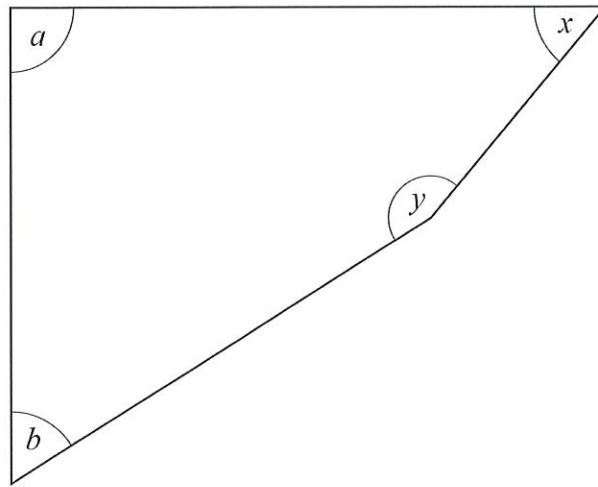
$$x \approx 5$$

Answer _____



14

Here is a quadrilateral.

Not drawn
accurately

$$a = 90^\circ \text{ and } a : b = 5 : 3$$

$$x : y = 1 : 3$$

Show that $b = x$

[3 marks]

$$a : b$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5 : 3 \\ \times 18 \\ \hline 90 : 54 \end{array}$$

$$x + y = 360 - 90 - 54$$

$$x + y = 216$$

$$\text{but } x : y = 1 : 3$$

$$\text{so } 3x = y$$

$$\text{so } x + 3x = 216$$

$$4x = 216$$

$$x = 54$$

$$b = x = 54$$



15 Here is some information about the test marks of 120 students.

Mark, m	$0 < m \leq 10$	$10 < m \leq 20$	$20 < m \leq 30$	$30 < m \leq 40$	$40 < m \leq 50$
Frequency	20	28	40	20	12

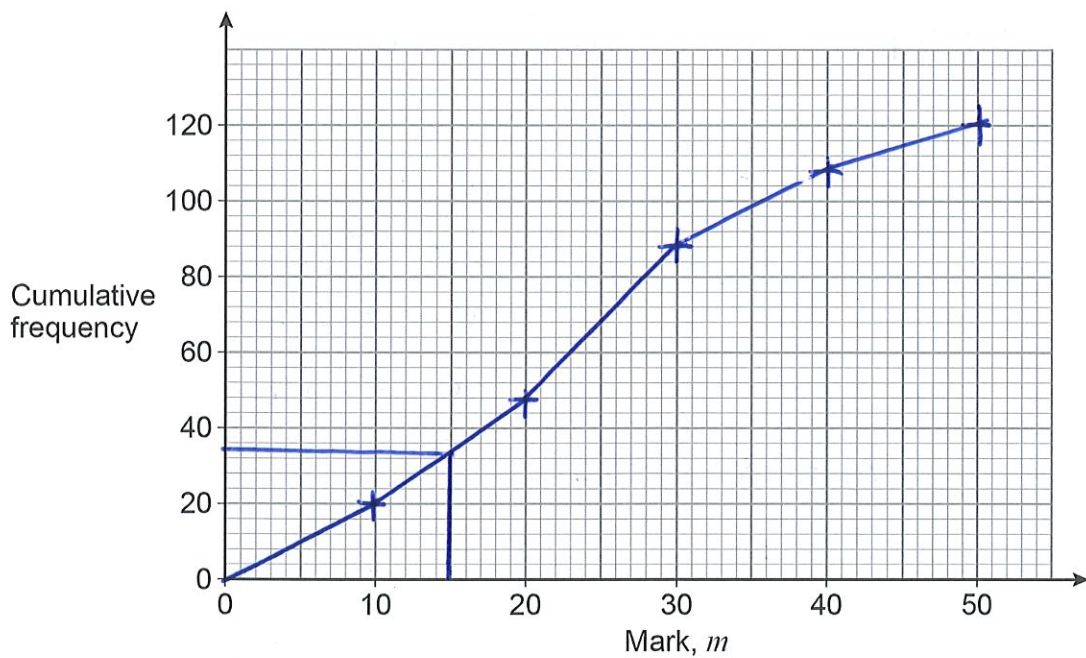
15 (a) Complete the cumulative frequency table.

[1 mark]

Mark, m	$m \leq 10$	$m \leq 20$	$m \leq 30$	$m \leq 40$	$m \leq 50$
Cumulative frequency	20	48	88	108	120

15 (b) Draw a cumulative frequency graph.

[2 marks]



- 15 (c) Students who scored 15 marks or fewer take another test.

Use your graph to estimate how many students take another test.

[2 marks]

Answer 34

16

Simplify fully $\frac{4x - 8x^2}{12x - 6}$

[3 marks]

$$\frac{4x(1-2x)}{6(2x-1)} = \frac{4x(1-2x)}{-6(1-2x)} = \frac{-2x}{3}$$

Answer _____

Turn over for the next question



17 Toby is forming and solving equations.

17 (a)

The product of half of a number and three more than the number
is the same as
the square of the number

Toby uses y to represent the number.

Write an equation that Toby could form.

[2 marks]

$$\frac{y}{2} (y+3) = y^2$$

Answer _____

17 (b) Toby forms another equation.

$$x = \frac{9}{8x}$$

He wants to work out the values of x .

Here is his working.

$$x = \frac{9}{8x}$$

$$8x^2 = 9$$

$$8x = 3 \text{ or } 8x = -3$$

$$x = \frac{3}{8} \text{ or } x = -\frac{3}{8}$$

What error has he made in his working?

[1 mark]

He needs to take the square root of
8 as well.



18 Here is an identity.

$$x^2 - y^2 \equiv (x + y)(x - y)$$

18 (a) Use the identity to work out the value of $193^2 - 7^2$

You **must** show your working.

[2 marks]

$$200 \times 186 = 37200$$

Answer 37200

18 (b) Factorise $100a^2 - 81b^2$

[1 mark]

Answer $(10a + 9b)(10a - 9b)$

19 Circle the fraction that is equivalent to $0.\dot{1}$

[1 mark]

$$\frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{99}$$

$$\frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{11}{100}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x = 1.\dot{1} \\ - \quad x = 0.\dot{1} \\ \hline 9x = 1 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{9}$$

7

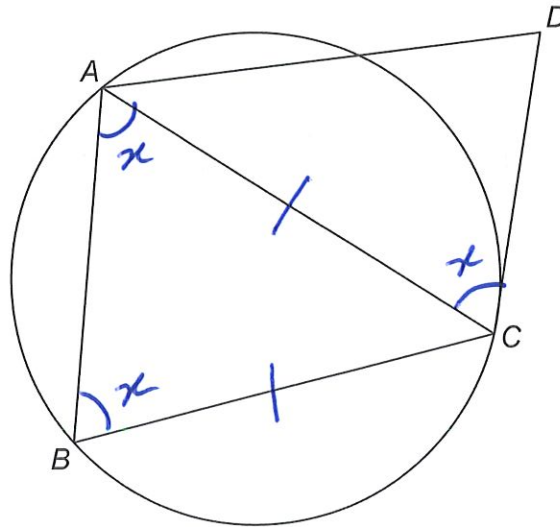
Turn over ►



20

A , B and C are points on a circle.
 CD is a tangent.

Not drawn
accurately



20 (a) Assume that triangle ABC is isosceles with $AC = BC$

Prove that AB is parallel to DC .

[4 marks]

$CBA = CAB$ as isosceles

$DCA = CBA$ alternate segment

As Z angle, alternate angles are the same
 AB is parallel to CD



20 (b) In fact, triangle ABC is equilateral.

Tick the **two** boxes for the statements that **must** be correct.

[1 mark]

AB is parallel to DC

AC bisects angle BCD

AC bisects angle BAD

21 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$2x + 3y = 5p$$

$$y = 2x + p$$

where p is a constant.

Give your answers in terms of p in their simplest form.

[4 marks]

$$2x + 3(2x + p) = 5p$$

$$2x + 6x + 3p = 5p$$

$$8x = 2p$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4}p$$

$$y = 2x + p = 2\left(\frac{1}{4}p\right) + p = \frac{3}{2}p$$

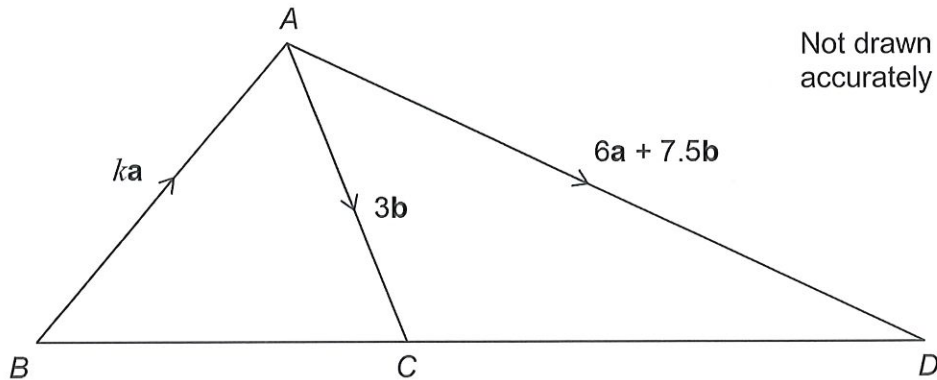
$$x = \frac{1}{4}p \quad y = \frac{3}{2}p$$



22

ABC and ACD are triangles.

k is a constant.



22 (a) Show that $\overrightarrow{CD} = 6a + 4.5b$

[1 mark]

$$\begin{aligned}\overrightarrow{CD} &= \overrightarrow{CA} + \overrightarrow{AD} = -3b + 6a + 7.5b \\ &= 6a + 4.5b\end{aligned}$$

22 (b) BCD is a straight line.

Work out the value of k .

You **must** show your working.

[3 marks]

$$\overrightarrow{BC} = k\mathbf{a} + 3\mathbf{b} \text{ same ratio as } 6\mathbf{a} + 4.5\mathbf{b}$$

$$\text{So } \frac{4.5}{3} = 1.5 \quad \frac{6}{1.5} = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

Answer _____

4



23 Simplify $8^4 \div 32^{\frac{2}{5}}$

Give your answer in the form 2^m where m is an integer.

$$8^4 \div 32^{\frac{2}{5}} = (2^3)^4 \div (2^5)^{\frac{2}{5}} \quad [3 \text{ marks}]$$

$$= \frac{2^{12}}{2^2} = 2^{10}$$

Answer 2^{10}

24 $f(x) = \sin(x - 90^\circ)$

Circle the value of $f(0^\circ)$

[1 mark]

1

0

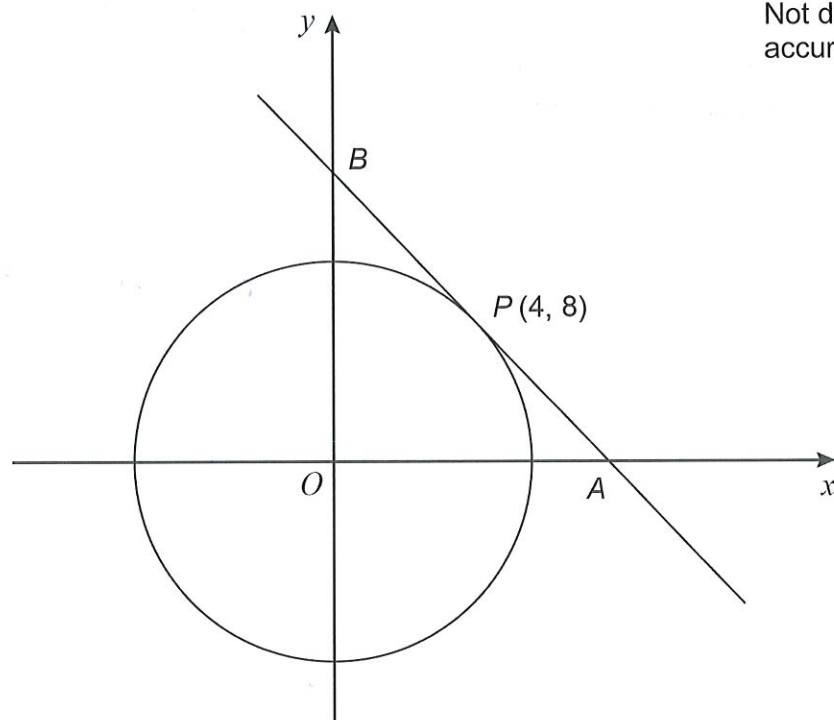
$-\frac{1}{2}$

-1

Turn over for the next question



- 25 $P(4, 8)$ is a point on a circle, centre O .
The tangent at P intersects the axes at points A and B .



Not drawn
accurately

- 25 (a) Show that the gradient of the tangent is $-\frac{1}{2}$

[2 marks]

$$\text{gradient} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \quad (0,0) \rightarrow (4,8) \quad m = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$\therefore \text{gradient} = -\frac{1}{2}$$



25 (b) Work out the length AB .

Give your answer in the form $a\sqrt{5}$ where a is an integer.

You **must** show your working.

[4 marks]

$$y = mx + c$$

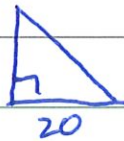
$$8 = -\frac{1}{2} \times 4 + c \Rightarrow c = 10$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 10$$

$$\text{if } y = 0 \quad \frac{1}{2}x = 10$$

$$x = 20$$

80



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$10^2 + 20^2 = c^2$$

$$500 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{500}$$

$$c = 10\sqrt{5}$$

Answer $10\sqrt{5}$ units

Turn over for the next question



26

The turning point of the graph $y = (x + a)^2 + b$ has x -coordinate -2 .
 $(3, 1)$ is another point on the graph.

Work out the y -coordinate of the turning point.

[3 marks]

$$a = 2$$

$$1 = (3 + 2)^2 + b$$

$$1 = 25 + b$$

$$b = -24$$

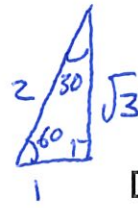
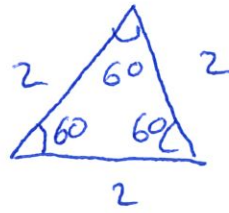
Answer -24



27

Angle x is acute.

$$\cos x = \sin 60^\circ \times \tan 30^\circ$$

Work out the size of angle x .You **must** show your working.

[3 marks]

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

so x is 60

Answer 60° degrees

END OF QUESTIONS





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2 4



1 9 6 G 8 3 0 0 / 1 H

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