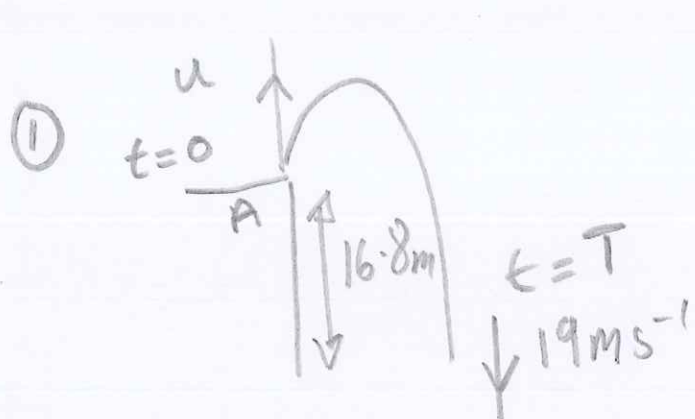


① Edexcel GCE October 2020  
Maths 8MA0/22 Applied

Mechanics AS



$\downarrow g \ 10\text{ms}^{-2}$   
freely

$$a = -10$$
$$v = -19$$
$$s = -16.8$$

$$v = u + at$$
$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$
$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

②  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

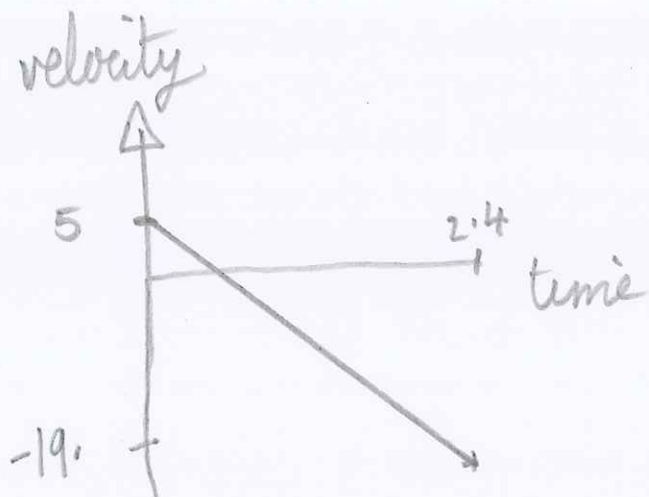
$$(-19)^2 = u^2 + 2 \times -10 \times -16.8 \Rightarrow u = 5\text{ms}^{-1}$$

③  $v = u + at$   
 $-19 = 5 + -10 \times t \Rightarrow t = 2.4\text{s}$        $T = 2.4\text{s}$

④  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$   
 $-1.2 = 5t - 4.9t^2 \Rightarrow t = \underline{\underline{1.22\text{s}}}$  or  $-0.20$

(1d)

(2)

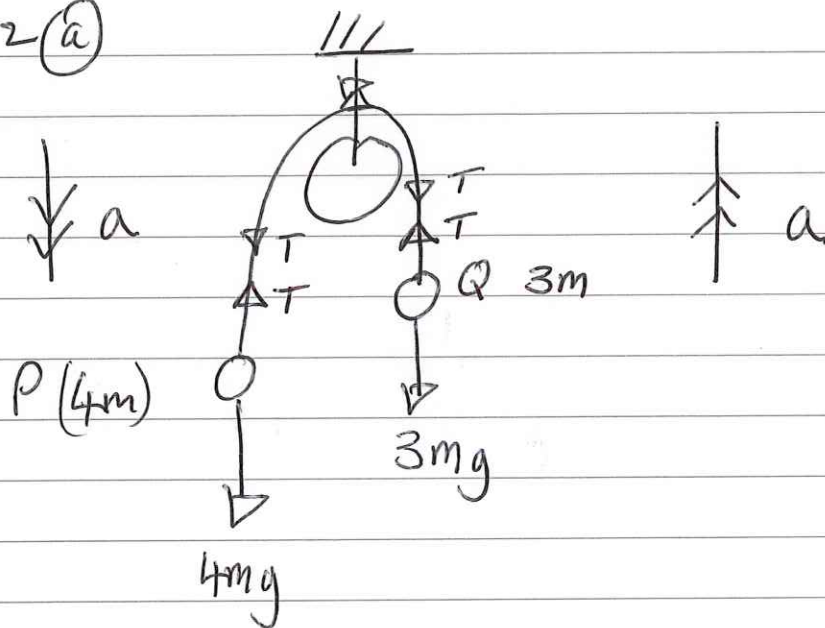


(c) Air resistance have a bigger impact slowing down when going down than up, as longer time going down. So need to start with higher down velocity, i.e. setting off slower.

(d) We could have used a more accurate value for  $g$ , 9.8 or  $9.81 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ .

3

2(a)



Consider P  $F = ma$   
 $4mg - T = 4a$

+

Consider Q  $T - 3mg = 3a$

---

$$mg = 7a$$

$$a = \frac{mg}{7}$$

But  $T - 3mg = 3a$

$$T - 3mg = \frac{3mg}{7}$$

$$T = 3mg + \frac{3mg}{7} = \frac{24}{7} mg \text{ N}$$

The pulley has  $2T$  on it pulling down. So  $\frac{48}{7} mg \text{ N}$

(b) We have assumed the pulley is smooth, which may not be the case.

(4)

(3)  
(a)



$$t \geq 0$$

$$v = (7 - 2t)(t + 2)$$

$$v = 7t + 14 - 2t^2 - 4t$$

$$v = -2t^2 + 3t + 14$$

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt} = -4t + 3$$

$$a = 0 \quad 0 = -4t + 3$$

$$4t = 3$$

$$t = 3/4$$

(b) Want maximum distance

$$x = \int -2t^2 + 3t + 14 \, dt = \frac{-2t^3}{3} + \frac{3t^2}{2} + 14t + C$$

$$\text{when } t=0 \quad C=0 \quad \text{so } x = \frac{-2t^3}{3} + \frac{3t^2}{2} + 14t$$

$$\text{when } v=0 \quad 0 = (7 - 2t)(t + 2)$$

$$0 = 7 - 2t$$

$$t = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$0 = t + 2$$

$$t = -2 \quad \times$$

$$\text{when } t = 7/2 \quad x = \frac{-2(7/2)^3}{3} + \frac{3(7/2)^2}{2} + 14(7/2)$$

$$x = \frac{931}{24} \text{ m}$$